MPPT Solar Charge Controller

Features

- Increases charge efficiency by 20% - 43%
- High technology MPPT with LCD display, efficiency > 98%
- Employs a DC converting circuit, conversion efficiency > 96%
- MPPT demo displays the efficiency of this controller compared to PCM models
- Functions as a power meter
- LCD display shows the battery voltage, charging current, charging power, output status, output mode, time and accumulated power saving
- Suitable for a wide range of batteries
- Maximum charge and discharge current 20A
- Five output modes: Manual, Standard, Timer, Light sensor, Light sensor on + Timer off.
- Built in timer, suitable for a periodic discharge system such as solar street lights, solar pumps etc.
- Over charge, over discharge, overload and short circuit protection
- 3-stage charging algorithm, impulse, bulk and float
- Fully Aluminium housing incorporating a large heat sink
● Low stand-by power consumption

**Specifications**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>ECO-MPPT-20A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rated system voltage</td>
<td>12V/24V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max open circuit voltage of solar panel</td>
<td>15—50V DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max solar panel power</td>
<td>300W 12V/ 600W 24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max output current</td>
<td>20A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max discharge current</td>
<td>20A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over discharge voltage</td>
<td>10.2—12.5V (±0.2) 12V/ 20.4—25.0V (±0.2) 24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart voltage</td>
<td>10.3—13.5V (±0.2) 12V /20.5—27.0V (±0.2) 24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constant voltage (Over charge) voltage</td>
<td>13.0—15.5V (±0.2) 12V /26.0—31.0V (±0.2) 24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Float voltage</td>
<td>12.5—14.5V (±0.2) 12V /25.0—29.0V (±0.2) 24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Converter type</td>
<td>Buck</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Converter efficiency</td>
<td>&gt; 96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max increase efficiency</td>
<td>&gt; 43%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tracking efficiency</td>
<td>&gt; 98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Precision of clock</td>
<td>±50S/Month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charging algorithm</td>
<td>PWM 3 stage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stand by power consumption</td>
<td>&lt;15mA 12V / &lt;25mA 24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating temperature</td>
<td>-20 to +50℃</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protect class</td>
<td>IP22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size</td>
<td>140(L) × 147(W) × 42(H) (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>550g</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

★★(1) Max input current : Solar panel maximum output current  
★★(1) Max output current : Controllers maximum output current

**Wiring diagram**

![Wiring diagram](image-url)
Terminal Block

The terminal block is numbered from left to right as 1.2.3.4.5.6

1: Solar panel "+"
2: Solar panel "-"
3: Battery "+"
4: Battery "-"
5: Load "+"
6: Load "-"

Startup Screen

Product Code
MPPT-12V-10A-M

12V Power System
MPPT-12V-10A-M

M---Mosfet  R---Relay
Max current : 5A, 10A, 15A, 20A, 30A
System voltage : 12VDC, 24VDC, 36VDC, 48VDC
MPPT controller

Installation

1 - Note:
1) Make sure the voltage of the solar panel is within the range of the controllers acceptable voltage
2) Make sure the voltage of the battery is within the range of the controllers acceptable voltage
Suggested cable for the solar panel connection is 4mm² copper core, 6mm² cable for the battery connection. Locate the battery as near as possible to the controller.

Earth and lightning protection is needed when the system is installed.

### Wiring order

1) Connection order (make sure the polarity is correct)
   - Battery (1st)
   - Load (2nd)
   - Solar panel (3rd)

2) Disconnection order
   - Solar panel (1st)
   - Battery (2nd)
   - Load (3rd)

### Buttons

1: **MENU**: Switches between the different operating settings

2: **MPPT DEMO**:
   a: Pushing this button can track the max power point of the solar panel connected to this controller.
   It will calculate the difference between the output of the MPPT controller as compared to a standard PWM controller, and show the increased efficiency as a percentage.
   b: When changing settings, and with the parameters to be changed showing on the display, use this button to cycle between fields. e.g. Hrs, Min etc.

3: **+ (Manual ON)**
   a: In manual output mode, the load will be turned on
   b: On the display when setting parameters, adds 1 to the current value

4: **- (Manual OFF)**:
   a: In Manual output mode, the load will be switched off
   b: On the display when setting parameters, deducts 1 from the current value
LCD display

Battery voltage choose

Please program the right system voltage according to your battery voltage, the controller can’t work normally before the correct system voltage setting.
If you want change the system voltage, please disconnect the controller for 20 seconds, then you can reset the system voltage.

Charging Current

Battery Voltage

Power Output

a: BAT 13.2V : Shows the battery voltage in real time (13.2V)
b: 08.88A : Shows the charging current in real time (8.88A)
The value showing is higher than the solar panel output current
c: 117W : Shows the power output equal to the voltage*current (13.2*8.88=117W)
d: M2 : Output mode (from 1-5)
e: ON : Shows if the MPPT function is on or off
f: BULK: Shows the MPPT controller status
   1 : Sleeping: The controller is sleeping, the current is at the minimum
   2 : Snoozing: Charging current <0.5A
   3 : BULK: MPPT the best status
   4 : ABSORB: constant current charging status, no MPPT function at this
time
5: FLOAT: float charging status, no MPPT function

g: Total 10000WH shows the total power output by this MPPT controller since install

Function and Parameter setting

Note 1: Please adjust the clock to the right time when you first connect the controller
2: The MPPT controller keeps the latest setting in memory when you change the value of the constant charging voltage, discharge protective voltage, discharge restart voltage, float voltage and output mode etc.

1. Over charge voltage setting
   1. push “MENU” until the display shows ABSORB
   2. push “+” or “−” to change the value
   3. push “MENU” again to return to the main screen

2. Float voltage setting
   1. push “MENU” until the display shows FLOAT
   2. push “+” or “−” to change the value
   3. push “MENU” again to return to the main screen

3. Over discharge protection voltage setting
   1. push “MENU” until the display shows OVER
   2. push “+” or “−” to change the value
   3. push “MENU” again to return to the main screen

4. Discharge restart voltage setting
   1. push “MENU” until the display shows RESTART
   2. push “+” or “−” to change the value
   3. push “MENU” again to return to the main screen

5. Time Setting
   1. Push “MENU” until the display shows CLOCK SET
   2. Push “←” to switch between hours and minutes
   3. Push “+” or “−” to change the time setting
6. Output Mode

**MODE1**  Manual: Push + (ON) or – (OFF) the load will be turned on or off

**MODE2**  Always: Constant output to the load terminals

**MODE3**  CDS_D/CDS_L + H: light sensor+timer output (by Hour)
- a: CDS_D (CDS_DARK): The load will be turned on when there is no light
- b: CDS_L (CDS_LIGHT): The load will be turned on when there is light

The controller recognizes this by the solar panel voltage

- c: Timer range: 0---15 Hours
  1. “Timer = 0” The load will be turned on at sunset and turned off at sunrise
  2. “Timer > 0” The load will be turned on at sunset and turned off after the number of hours set has elapsed

**MODE4**  BEGIN_TIME/END_TIME

Timer turns the load on and off automatically

1. When the BEGIN_TIME setting matches the time on the controller, the load will be turned on
2. When the END_TIME setting matches the time on the controller, the load will be turned off

**MODE5**  CDS_D/CDS_L + END_TIME

Light sensor mode for the load to be turned on + Timer for the load to be turned off

1. The load will be turned on when there is no more light
2. When the END_TIME setting matches the time on the controller, the load will be turned off
7 : Output Mode Setting

1. Push “MENU” until the display shows “SET OUTPUT MODE”

2. When “SET OUTPUT MODE” is flashing push “+” or “-” to switch between the output modes

3. Push “←” to switch between the fields of the current output mode

4. Push “+” or “-” to set the parameter which is flashing

5. Push “MENU” again to return to the main screen

Special Functions

1. When the LCD shows “ABSORB” or “FLOAT”, the charging is not using MPPT, it uses PWM to control the precise voltage to protect the battery

2. The converter in the MPPT is the buck type and only charges when the voltage of the solar panel is higher than the battery voltage

3. The battery voltage must be higher than the over discharge protection setting, this is the precondition for the load to be turned on under all output modes

4. The load will be restarted when the battery voltage is higher than the voltage selected in the over discharge protection setting

5. If the battery is over discharged under the timer output mode, the load will be cut off, and only restarted when the battery is charged to above the restart voltage setting

6. When the LCD backlight is off, pushing any button will switch it on again
   The button doesn’t have any other effect on functions in this case

7. The LCD backlight switches off if there is no action for 30 seconds

Trouble Shooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The clock is different from your local time</td>
<td>1. When first connected to the system, the clock defaults to 12:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Please set the clock to your local time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. The clock is accurate to within +/- 50 seconds per month and should be reset occasionally</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issue</td>
<td>Steps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Battery cannot be charged            | 3. Check the battery is in good condition  
|                                      | 4. Check the solar panel polarity is correct  
|                                      | 5. Check the over charging voltage setting is reasonable  
|                                      | 6. Set this value according to the specifications of the battery  |
| No display on the LCD                | 1. Check the battery is connected correctly  
|                                      | 2. Check the fuse of the controller is intact and replace if blown  |
| No discharge                         | 1. Make sure the battery voltage is higher than the setting of the protective over discharge voltage  
|                                      | 2. Set the over discharge voltage according to the specifications of the battery  |
| No charging and no discharge         | 1. Make sure the fuse of the controller is intact  
|                                      | 2. Check the battery is connected correctly  
|                                      | 3. Check the Solar panel is connected correctly  |